



## Corrigendum

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## A Papadopoulou

Nutritional considerations in children undergoing bone marrow transplantation.

In the above paper an error occurred in the second paragraph on the first page. The correct version is printed below:

## Indications for bone marrow transplantation as determinants of malnutrition

Malignancies are the main indications for BMT. The incidence of malnutrition amongst these patients is uncertain.

Some researchers claim that children with cancer are generally well-nourished on admission (Schmidt et al, 1980; Layton et al, 1981), while others report a high incidence of malnutrition (Aker et al, 1983; Berry et al, 1983). Aker et al, reported that 16% of patients admitted for BMT due to acute myelogenous leukaemia had a weight less than 90% of ideal body weight (IBW), 17% had an arm muscle area (AMA) less than the 10th centile and 12% had an arm fat area (AFA) less than 10th centile. According to the same study, 11% of the patients admitted for BMT due to acute lymphocytic leukaemia had an admission weight less than 90% of IBW, 21% an AMA less than 10th centile and 6% an AFA less than 10th centile. In our recent study in children undergoing BMT, wasting and stunting were present in 18% and 31% respectively, of children admitted for BMT (Papadopoulou et al, 1998).