

of algorithms that are specifically designed for SC detection. Some of these are now accessible through mobile applications, making them available to health care providers. By simply capturing pictures of suspicious skin lesions using a smartphone, these apps can classify them as either high- or low-risk for skin cancer.<sup>2</sup> Considering the importance of early detection in the fight against SC, the integration of an AI-based smartphone application could be highly beneficial.

With the involvement of an AI-driven app in their regular check-ups, dentists can promptly detect suspicious skin lesions, leading to earlier referrals and improved patient outcomes. This approach not only improves patient experience but also alleviates the workload of manual skin examinations, allowing dentists to dedicate more attention to their primary responsibilities while simultaneously providing additional healthcare support to patients through AI technology.

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## Orthodontics

### Biodegradable clear aligners

Sir, I read with great interest the letter on recyclable clear aligners published on 11 March 2024.<sup>1</sup> While recycling clear aligners seems to be the need of the hour due to the adverse impact on the environment, there are alternatives to recycling, such as using biodegradable aligner sheets. While looking for BPA-free aligner materials and recyclable options, we came across some compostable and completely biodegradable materials. Interestingly, these materials are claimed to be more flexible and stronger than their commercially available counterparts and offer the same clarity levels.<sup>2</sup> However, these must be researched to determine whether they are viable alternatives to the currently available plastic aligners.

The major brands have increased their efforts in recycling, but there is such a huge

plastic burden on our environment that a lot needs to be done to make a definite change.<sup>3</sup> We need to reduce the use of PVS impressions and plastic trays and move to direct printed aligners.<sup>4</sup> Many more such areas need to be focused on to help reduce waste from used and unused clear aligners in our environment.

*A. Marya, Phnom Penh, Cambodia; H. Viet, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam*

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## Global dentistry

### Promoting informed choices: navigating global dental care challenges

Sir, we acknowledge the recent article that discussed a patient's challenging experience with a dental implant received during a visit to India, as documented by S. Mumtaz *et al*.<sup>1</sup>

Our sympathies are with the patient who underwent a difficult ordeal and required additional treatment upon returning to the UK. The NHS faces significant challenges, exacerbated by post-pandemic economic factors like inflation and increased costs. Consequently, some individuals may consider seeking dental treatment elsewhere. We understand the tough decisions patients must make regarding their dental care in light of these circumstances.

While sympathising with the challenges faced by the patient, it is crucial to recognise that the outcome described may be attributed to the choice of a less-experienced practitioner rather than the geographical location of the treatment. It is unfortunate that the patient faced complications, but it's important to acknowledge the presence of well-qualified dental specialists in India who undergo rigorous training and adhere to international standards. Blaming solely the choice of destination may inadvertently

perpetuate a stereotype that all overseas dental practitioners lack the necessary expertise. Moreover, globalisation has facilitated the exchange of knowledge, and many dental professionals worldwide have received extensive training and education in advanced dental procedures, including implantology. Patients opting for dental tourism should prioritise thorough research and select practitioners with recognised qualifications and positive reviews.

While the letter aptly emphasises the need for improved oversight in dental tourism, it is equally important to foster a collaborative approach that acknowledges the global competence of dental professionals. The emphasis should be on raising awareness about the importance of selecting experienced and qualified practitioners, regardless of the geographical location. Therefore, let us approach this issue with nuance, recognising that the incident described may be attributed to the choice of a less-experienced practitioner rather than implicating the capabilities of the entire dental community in a particular region.

*N. A. Sudharson, P. Lister, N. Gupta, Ludhiana, India; M. Sharma, West Bengal, India*

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## Oral health

### Oral health and diabetes updates

Sir, in a recent review of the literature on the reciprocal relationship between oral health and diabetes, Harcke *et al*. found a two-way link between type 2 diabetes and poor oral health.<sup>1</sup> Rodríguez-Fonseca *et al*. revealed a higher rate of prediabetes in patients with oral lichen planus (OLP) compared to controls.<sup>2</sup> Their study of 275 patients, showed prediabetes as more common in OLP patients, especially those over 60 years old and those with more than three affected sites. They suggest that regular glucose testing could help manage potential complications.

Gibson *et al*. investigated over 213,000 participants and found that poor oral health, such as having fewer teeth and poor gum health, was associated with an increased risk of developing diabetes.<sup>3</sup> Their study suggested the potential value of oral health screening in diabetes prevention. Hessain